क्रम संख्या

टी. बी. सी.: KSPC-P-GSPO

परीक्षण पुस्तिका अनुक्रम

1989601

परीक्षण पुस्तिका सामान्य अध्ययन



प्रश्न-पत्र - I



समय : दो घण्टे

पूर्णांक: 200

अनुदेश

- परीक्षा प्रारम्भ होने के तुरन्त बाद, आप इस परीक्षण पुस्तिका की पड़ताल अवश्य कर लें कि इसमें कोई बिना छपा, फटा या छूटा हुआ पृष्ठ अथवा प्रश्नांश आदि न हो । यदि ऐसा है, तो इसे सही परीक्षण पुस्तिका से बदल लें ।
- 2. कृपया ध्यान रखें कि OMR उत्तर-पत्रक में उचित स्थान पर रोल नम्बर और परीक्षण पुस्तिका अनुक्रम A, B, C या D को ध्यान से एवं बिना किसी चूक या विसंगति के भरने और कूटबद्ध करने की जिम्मेदारी उम्मीदवार की है । किसी भी प्रकार की चूक/विसंगति की स्थिति में उत्तर-पत्रक निरस्त कर दिया जाएगा ।
- इस परीक्षण पुस्तिका पर साथ में दिए गए कोष्ठक में आपको अपना अनुक्रमांक लिखना है । परीक्षण पुस्तिका पर और कुछ न लिखें ।
- 4. इस परीक्षण पुस्तिका में 100 प्रश्नांश (प्रश्न) दिए गए हैं । प्रत्येक प्रश्नांश हिन्दी और अंग्रेज़ी दोनों में छपा है । प्रत्येक प्रश्नांश में चार प्रत्युत्तर (उत्तर) दिए गए हैं । इनमें से एक प्रत्युत्तर को चुन लें, जिसे आप उत्तर-पत्रक पर अंकित करना चाहते हैं । यदि आपको ऐसा लगे कि एक से अधिक प्रत्युत्तर सही हैं, तो उस प्रत्युत्तर को अंकित करें जो आपको सर्वोत्तम लगे । प्रत्येक प्रश्नांश के लिए केवल एक ही प्रत्युत्तर चुनना है ।
- 5. आपको अपने सभी प्रत्युत्तर अलग से दिए गए उत्तर-पत्रक पर ही अंकित करने हैं । उत्तर-पत्रक में दिए गए निर्देश देखिए ।
- 6. सभी प्रश्नांशों के अंक समान हैं।
- 7. इससे पहले कि आप परीक्षण पुस्तिका के विभिन्न प्रश्नांशों के प्रत्युत्तर उत्तर-पत्रक पर अंकित करना शुरू करें, आपको प्रवेश प्रमाण-पत्र के साथ प्रेषित अनुदेशों के अनुसार कुछ विवरण उत्तर-पत्रक में देने हैं ।
- 8. आप अपने सभी प्रत्युत्तरों को उत्तर-पत्रक में भरने के बाद तथा परीक्षा के समापन पर केवल उत्तर-पत्रक अधीक्षक को सौंप दें। आपको अपने साथ परीक्षण पुस्तिका ले जाने की अनुमित है।
- 9. कच्चे काम के लिए पत्रक, परीक्षण पुस्तिका के अंत में संलग्न हैं।
- 10. ग़लत उत्तरों के लिए दंड :

सभी प्रश्नों में उम्मीदवार द्वारा दिए गए गुलत उत्तरों के लिए दंड दिया जाएगा ।

- (i) प्रत्येक प्रश्न के लिए चार वैकल्पिक उत्तर हैं । उम्मीदवार द्वारा प्रत्येक प्रश्न के लिए दिए गए एक ग़लत उत्तर के लिए प्रश्न हेतु नियत किए गए अंकों का **एक-तिहाई** दंड के रूप में काटा जाएगा ।
- (ii) यदि कोई उम्मीदवार एक से अधिक उत्तर देता है, तो इसे ग़लत उत्तर माना जाएगा, यद्यपि दिए गए उत्तरों में से एक उत्तर सही होता है, फिर भी उस प्रश्न के लिए उपर्युक्तानुसार ही उसी तरह का दंड दिया जाएगा ।
- (iii) यदि उम्मीदवार द्वारा कोई प्रश्न हल नहीं किया जाता है, अर्थात् उम्मीदवार द्वारा उत्तर नहीं दिया जाता है, तो उस प्रश्न के लिए कोई दंड नहीं दिया जाएगा ।

जब तक आपको यह परीक्षण पुस्तिका खोलने को न कहा जाए तब तक न खोलें

Note: English version of the instructions is printed on the back cover of this Booklet.

KSPC-P-GSPO



1. Consider the following statements regarding the proposed caste census:

- Approval has come from the Cabinet Committee on Political Affairs chaired by the Prime Minister.
- 2. India last published nationwide caste tables in the 1931 Census.
- 3. Caste data collected in the SECC 2011 were fully released to the public.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

- a. 1 and 2 only
- b. 1 and 3 only
- c. 2 and 3 only
- d. 1, 2 and 3

2. Consider the following statements about the sword of Raghuji Bhonsle I:

- 1. The blade is single-edged and slightly curved in the European style.
- 2. The hilt is of the basket type.
- 3. The spine inscription is in Persian script.
 Which of the statements given above are correct?
 - a. 1 and 2 only
 - b. 1 and 3 only
 - c. 2 and 3 only
 - d. 1, 2 and 3

3. Consider the following statements about China's Shenzhou missions:

- Shenzhou-19 crew performed China's longest spacewalk.
- Shenzhou-20 commander had over 200 days of prior space experience.
- The Shenzhou-19 return capsule landed in the Yellow Sea.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

- a. 1 and 2 only
- b. 1 and 3 only
- c. 2 and 3 only
- d. 1, 2 and 3

4. Consider the following statements regarding geologic hydrogen:

1. Serpentinisation and radiolysis generate hydrogen without emitting CO₂.

- 2. A well in Mali emitted hydrogen of 98% purity.
- 3. Future costs could drop to around \$1/kg if tapped commercially.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

- a. 1 and 2 only
- b. 1 and 3 only
- c. 2 and 3 only
- d. 1, 2 and 3

5. Consider the following statements about bonded labour in India:

- It is driven by emergency debts like illness and marriage.
- It is mostly found in organised sectors with trade unions.
- Informal sectors like brick kilns and farms depend on it.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

- a. 1 and 2 only
- b. 1 and 3 only
- c. 2 and 3 only
- d. 1, 2 and 3

6. Consider the following statements regarding Pegasus-style spyware scrutiny by the Supreme Court:

- 1. The Court focused on lawful surveillance safeguards.
- 2. It supported executive secrecy with no oversight.
- 3. It acknowledged that state surveillance powers are legal if regulated.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

- a. 1 and 2 only
- b. 1 and 3 only
- c. 2 and 3 only
- d. 1, 2 and 3

7. Consider the following statements about Bagram airfield in Afghanistan:

- 1. It was built with Soviet help in the 1950s.
- 2. It is currently under Taliban control.
- 3. It lies around 60 km north of Kabul.
 Which of the statements given above are correct?
 - a. 1 only
 - b. 2 and 3 only









- c. 1 and 3 only
- d. 1, 2 and 3

8. Consider the following statements about Vizhinjam port:

- 1. It has natural depth of 20 m for large vessels.
- 2. It is located ~10 nautical miles from a major global shipping route.
- 3. It is fully automated with no human involvement.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

- a. 1 and 2 only
- b. 1 and 3 only
- c. 2 and 3 only
- d. 1, 2 and 3

9. Consider the following statements about agriphotovoltaics (APV):

- 1. It enables dual use of land for crops and solar power.
- 2. It reduces evapotranspiration by creating microclimate.
- 3. It mandates 2m panel height globally.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

- a. 1 and 2 only
- b. 1 and 3 only
- c. 2 and 3 only
- d. 1, 2 and 3

10. Consider the following statements on India's maize economy:

- 1. Maize is diverted for ethanol blending.
- 2. DDGS is increasingly used in poultry feed.
- 3. GM maize is widely imported for food use.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

- a. 1 only
- b. 1 and 2 only
- c. 2 and 3 only
- d. 1, 2 and 3

11. Consider the following statements on the Kaleshwaram Lift Irrigation Project:

- Piers of Medigadda barrage have tilted and cracked.
- 2. Pre-construction soil tests were found to be thorough.

The project imposes a large repayment burden on Telangana.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

- a. 1 only
- b. 1 and 3 only
- c. 2 and 3 only
- d. 1, 2 and 3

12. Consider the following statements on tax devolution in India:

- Cesses and surcharges are excluded from the divisible pool.
- The 15th Finance Commission recommended 41% devolution to states.
- 3. States have demanded an increase to 50% ahead of the 16th FC.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

- a. 1 only
- b. 2 and 3 only
- c. 1 and 2 only
- d. 1, 2 and 3

13. Consider the following statements on Indian public R&D labs:

- 1. Less than 25% support start-ups.
- 2. Share of women scientists has risen sharply in the last 5 years.
- 3. Contractual employment is increasing compared to permanent jobs.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

- a. 1 only
- b. 1 and 2 only
- c. 1 and 3 only
- d. 1, 2 and 3

14. Consider the following statements regarding Artificial Intelligence (AI):

- 1. AI is a general-purpose technology like electricity or the internet.
- 2. AI systems today function independently without human supervision.
- 3. The adoption of AI follows a rapid innovation curve similar to mobile phones.

Which of the above is/are correct?

a) 1 only









- b) 1 and 2 only
- c) 2 and 3 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3

15. The 'Triple Test' for OBC reservations in local bodies includes which of the following steps?

- 1. Constitution of a dedicated OBC commission.
- Empirical verification of OBC representation and backwardness.
- 3. Allowing total reservation for SCs, STs, and OBCs up to 70%.
- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 1 and 3 only
- c) 2 and 3 only
- d) All of the above

16. Which of the following is true regarding India's Voter ID application process?

- a) Proof of Indian citizenship is mandatory and verified through documents.
- b) Aadhaar is treated as proof of citizenship for issuing Voter IDs.
- c) A declaration of Indian citizenship is required without mandatory documentary proof.
- d) Only Indian passports are accepted for verification.

17. With reference to the Samyukta Maharashtra Movement, which of the following is/are correct?

- 1. The movement sought creation of Maharashtra state with Mumbai as its capital.
- 2. Dr. B.R. Ambedkar opposed the creation of linguistic states.
- Indira Gandhi's support influenced the final decision.
- a) 1 and 3 only
- b) 1 and 2 only
- c) 2 and 3 only
- d) All of the above

18. The Forest Rights Act (FRA), 2006, differs from global fortress conservation models because it:

- a) Prioritizes forest revenue over community welfare.
- b) Criminalizes forest dwellers to protect biodiversity.
- c) Transfers governance rights to local gram sabhas.
- d) Reserves forest conservation for central agencies only.

19. The nationwide Civil Defence Drills conducted in May 2025 aimed to:

- a) Train defence personnel for overseas deployment.
- b) Prepare civilians for hostile attack scenarios.
- c) Conduct forest fire evacuation practice in tribal belts.
- d) Test naval readiness in coastal regions.

20. Under the Indus Waters Treaty (IWT), India has:

- a) Exclusive rights over all six rivers covered under the treaty.
- b) Full rights over eastern rivers and limited rights over western rivers.
- c) No rights over water use in Jammu & Kashmir.
- d) Unilateral authority to divert the flow of the Indus River.

21. Which of the following precision strike weapons are part of India's arsenal, as seen in recent operations?

- 1. SCALP cruise missiles
- 2. BRAHMOS supersonic missiles
- 3. METEOR air-to-air missiles
- 4. S-400 long-range missile system
- a) 1, 2, and 3 only
- b) 2, 3, and 4 only
- c) 1, 3, and 4 only
- d) All of the above

22. The India-U.S. energy cooperation focuses on which of the following?

- 1. Joint exploration of critical minerals.
- 2. Expansion of nuclear energy in India.
- Dependence on Chinese technology for renewables.
- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 2 and 3 only
- c) 1 and 3 only
- d) All of the above

23. The Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework (KMGBF) seeks to:

- a) Replace the Paris Agreement
- b) Promote displacement of forest dwellers
- c) Achieve 30% global land and marine protection by 2030
- d) Regulate international carbon trading









24. 'Gram Sabha' as defined under the Forest Rights Act, 2006 refers to:

- a) A village assembly comprising all citizens above 21 years.
- b) An administrative unit under the Ministry of Panchayati Raj.
- c) A body of all adult members in a village or hamlet.
- d) The council of elders in tribal villages.

25. Which of the following statements about India's nuclear energy goals is correct?

- a) India has reached its target of 100 GW nuclear capacity.
- b) India's net-zero target by 2070 may require over 200 GW of nuclear power.
- c) India is dependent only on Russia for nuclear technology.
- d) Private companies are already operating nuclear plants in India.

Click to get COMPLETE 100 Questions Set









ANSWER KEY

Answer with Explanations

1. Answer: a. 1 and 2 only

Explanation: SECC 2011 caste data was not released; only socioeconomic data was.

2. Answer: a. 1 and 2 only

Explanation: The inscription is in Devanagari, not

Persian.

3. Answer: a. 1 and 2 only

Explanation: The capsule landed on land in Inner

Mongolia, not in the sea.

4. Answer: d. 1, 2 and 3

Explanation: All three statements are supported by

recent findings and pilot projects.

5. Answer: b. 1 and 3 only

Explanation: Organised sectors don't typically exhibit bonded labour; it is common in informal, exploitative

settings.

6. Answer: b. 1 and 3 only

Explanation: The Court emphasized the need for safeguards and rejected blanket executive secrecy.

7. Answer: d. 1, 2 and 3

Explanation: All three facts are accurate and verified by

satellite and historical sources.

8. Answer: a. 1 and 2 only

Explanation: It is semi-automated; human operators are

still involved in operations.

9. Answer: a. 1 and 2 only

Explanation: The 2m panel height rule is specific to

Japan, not globally enforced.

10. Answer: b. 1 and 2 only

Explanation: GM maize import is minimal and restricted

mainly to non-food uses.

11. Answer: b. 1 and 3 only

Explanation: Soil studies were found to be inadequate,

not thorough.

12. Answer: d. 1, 2 and 3

Explanation: All three are accurate and part of recent

fiscal federal debates.

13. Answer: c. 1 and 3 only

Explanation: Women's representation has largely

remained stagnant, not sharply increased.

14. **Answer: a) 1 only**

Explanation: AI is a general-purpose technology (GPT),

not magic. Adoption is slow and context-dependent. Current AI still needs human supervision; thus, 2 and 3 are incorrect.

15. Answer: a) 1 and 2 only

Explanation: The triple test includes steps 1 and 2. But the total reservation must stay within the 50% constitutional limit, making statement 3 incorrect.

16. Answer: c) A declaration of Indian citizenship is required without mandatory documentary proof.

Explanation: Citizenship is self-declared in Form 6, and proof is not mandatory unless challenged. Aadhaar is not proof of citizenship.

17. Answer: a) 1 and 3 only

Explanation: Ambedkar supported linguistic states for social justice. Indira Gandhi supported the cause later. Hence, statement 2 is incorrect.

18. Answer: c) Transfers governance rights to local gram sabhas.

Explanation: FRA decentralizes forest governance and recognizes community-led conservation—opposite of exclusionary fortress models.

19. Answer: b) Prepare civilians for hostile attack scenarios.

Explanation: The drills simulated wartime situations like airstrikes and tested readiness via crash blackouts and evacuations in civilian areas.

20. Answer: b) Full rights over eastern rivers and limited rights over western rivers.

Explanation: India controls Ravi, Beas, Sutlej fully, and can use the western rivers (Indus, Jhelum, Chenab) for non-consumptive purposes.

21. Answer: a) 1, 2, and 3 only

Explanation: SCALP, METEOR, and BRAHMOS are offensive precision weapons. S-400 is a defensive system, not part of India's retaliatory strike tools.

22. Answer: a) 1 and 2 only

Explanation: The cooperation focuses on reducing China dependence, not increasing it. So, 1 and 2 are correct.

23. Answer: c) Achieve 30% global land and marine protection by 2030

Explanation: This is the key goal of the "30 by 30" biodiversity commitment under KMGBF.

24. Answer: c) A body of all adult members in a village or hamlet.

Explanation: Under FRA, Gram Sabha includes all adults in the area, empowered to make forest governance decisions.

25. Answer: b) India's net-zero target by 2070 may require over 200 GW of nuclear power.

Explanation: Various energy models project the need for 200+ GW of nuclear to meet long-term net-zero goals.









Click to get COMPLETE 100 Questions Set







